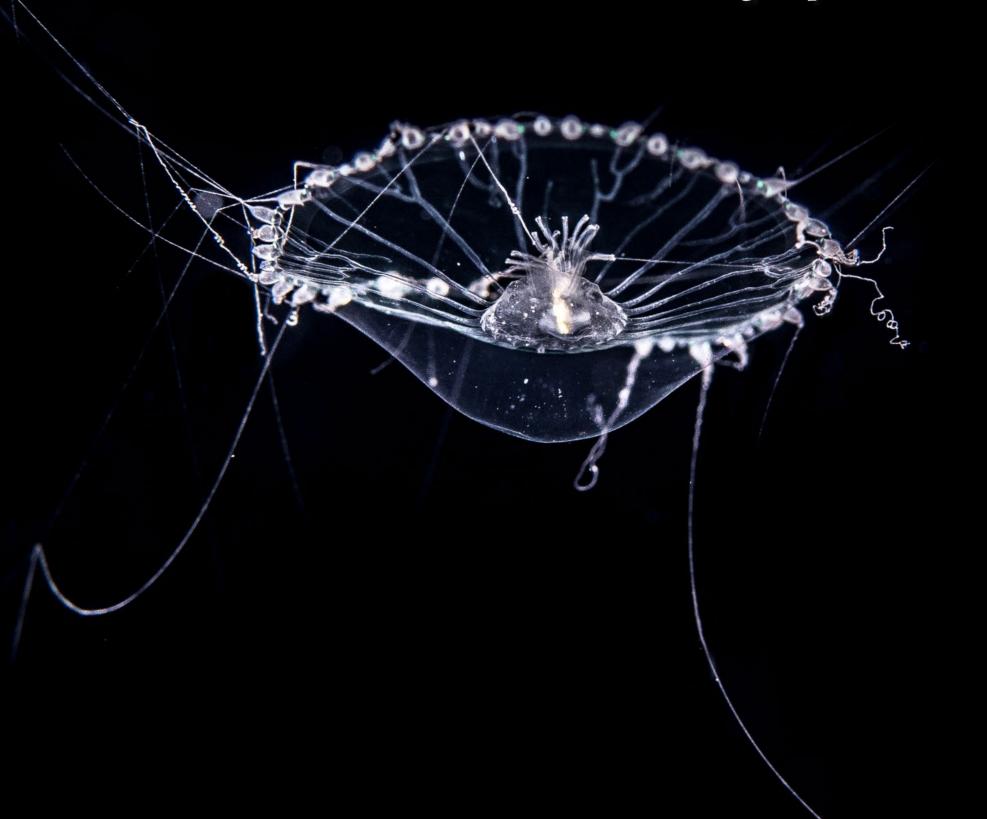


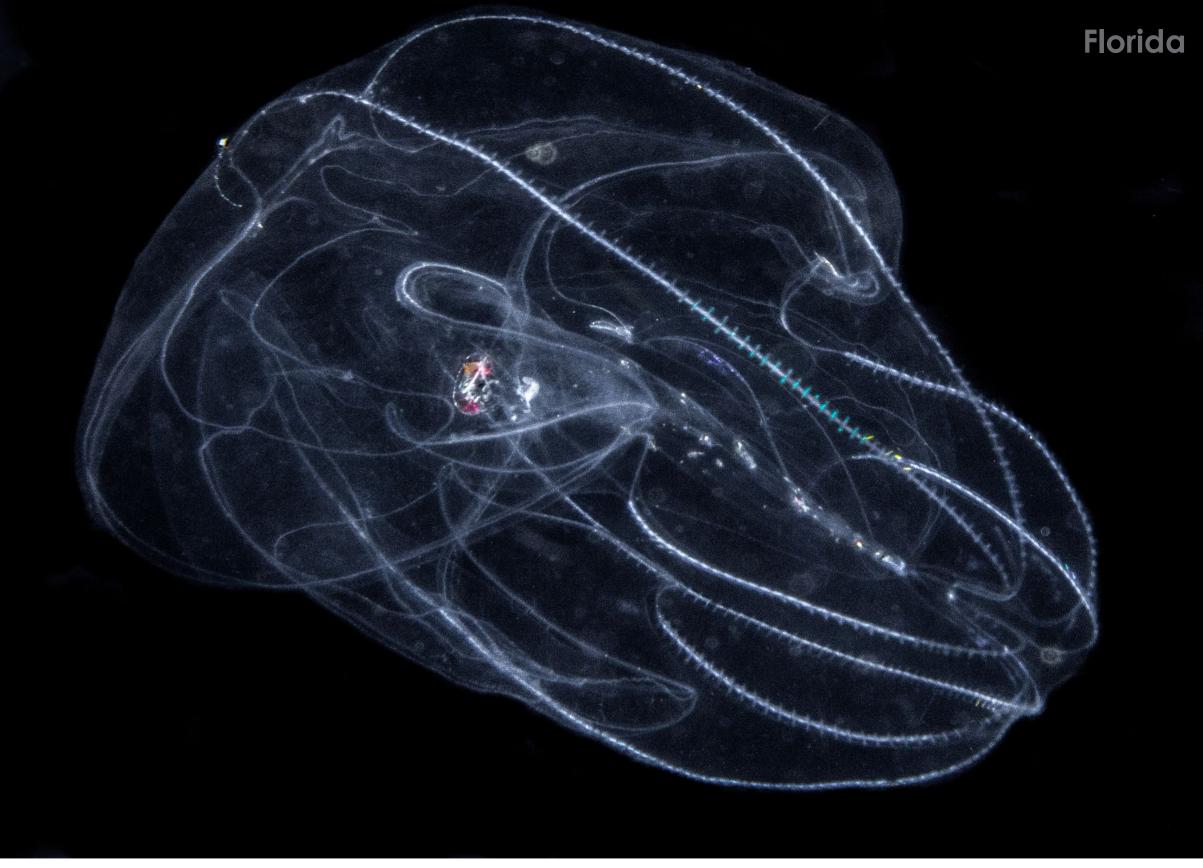
Text and photos by Tom Hayward



Comb jelly (right) and planktonic tunicate (below) PREVIOUS PAGE: Unidentified jellyfish

As divers, we watch underwater documentaries from the BBC, National Geographic and other media with keen interest. Deep water explorations, or photos and video from exotic locales, hold us rapt. How many times have you wished you could sail on one of those research vessels, if only to catch a glimpse of a rarely seen species? For those without the resources to join such expeditions, there is an affordable alternative: Enter the Black Water dive—long offered in Hawaii but now available on the east coast of the continental United States.





[ed.— Black water diving is essentially diving over the abyss in open water at night, often far from shore, with the black depths of the sea underneath, in order to observe small critters like zooplankton and invertebrates.]

At night, tiny creatures that live in the deep abyss (500ft/152m or more) rise to the surface to feed under the cover of darkness. These zooplankton and larval animals are alien to the average diver. They are likely translucent and do not

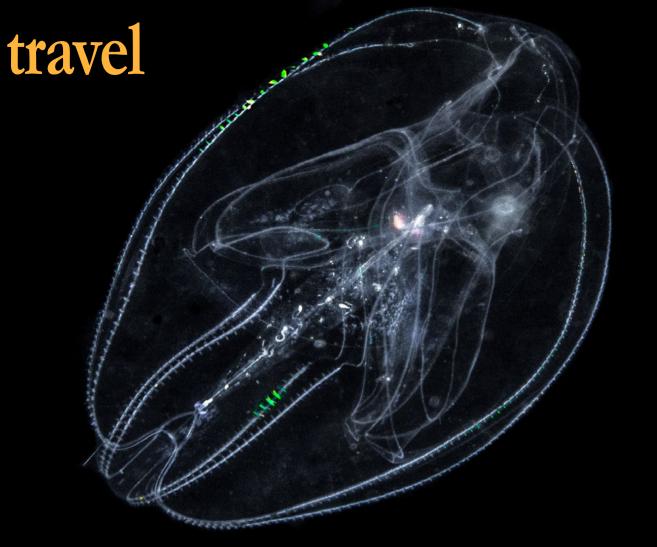
resemble their adult counterparts. Every glimpse around the water column yields an unknown addition to one's personal catalog. Best of all, it happens a short boat ride off the coast of Palm Beach County, Florida.

Diving

My evening began boarding the dive boat Sirena, owned and operated by Pura Vida Divers on Singer Island, Florida. The vessel is a 30-foot Island Hopper, carrying a maximum of 12 div-



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Comb jelly (left) and assorted unidentified species (this page) of zooplankton, invertebrates and chains of salps

drifted with the divers and gave a great visual reference of one's depth.

Most animals will be between five to 8m (15 to 25ft) so going deeper than 12m (40ft) is unnecessary and discouraged. Another great benefit of this rig was the ability to hang onto the rope until one felt comfortable with one's surroundings. With the ball having an advertised buoyancy of 358kg (790lbs)¹ and the rope a tensile

¹ WWW.TAYLORMADEPRODUCTS.COM/CATALOG



ers. Once the standard safety and amenity briefing was completed and we cleared Lake Worth Inlet, the boat turned south for a short ride along the beach. This was a drift dive in the Gulf Stream current. The captain was anticipating our northerly speed, so we ended our adventure near the inlet. Once the distance was satisfied, he turned due east and continued offshore until the proper depth was reached. When optimal conditions were met the boat was throttled down and the well-honed crew went to work setting up.

Being a night dive in 152m (500ft) plus depth of water, there was no useable bottom or reef for reference. Dean Shuler (our captain and co-owner of Pura Vida) had addressed this problem with a 34-inch white round fender. To this ball he attached a 12m (10ft) length of 1.6cm (5/8in) braided nylon rope

marked at 3m (10ft) with a single glow stick, two glow sticks at 6m (20ft), three sticks at 9m (30ft), and at the bottom, an LED light aimed straight up. Of course, weights were added to keep it vertical and a lighted dive flag was tethered to the top. This arrangement



This colorful little squid is about the size of the cap for a ballpoint pen

strength of 6,700kg (14,800 lbs)² everyone could hang on with confidence. This was especially beneficial to the first-timers.

The profile required only a single tank and the captain generously allowed one hour for the dive. On one's first dive of this type, it usually takes most of that hour just settling in. (Think about your first night or reef dive without an instructor.)

Once I established my personal dive area, the first thing I noted was the multitude of particulates. It resembled a loose dust storm. Suddenly, on the periphery, I detected movement—the first creature, spotted.

As my eyes adjusted to the surroundings, I realized I was centered in an explo-



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DITORIAL

FEATURE

AVEL

WRECK!

EQUIPME

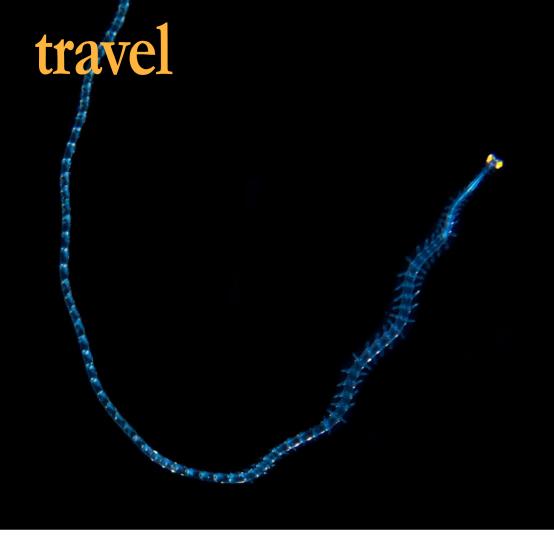
SCIENCE & ECO

TECH

DUCATION

Florida

WWW.CORTLANDCOMPANY.COM/SITES/DEFAULT/FILES/DOWNLOADS/ME-DIA/PRODUCT-DATA-SHEETS-NYLON-DOUBLE-BRAID.PDF



THIS PAGE. Assorted unidentified species of zooplanton and invertebrates on a black water dive off Florida

there will be the familiar and also the new. Such is the dynamic of seasons. One night the water may be filled with larval fish and the next loaded with tiny squid about the size of an ant. One thing you can count on is a bounty of the strange, the delicate and the beautiful.

Best time to dive

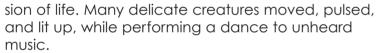
The best time for this type of dive is between late spring and early fall when the ocean is relatively calm. During the winter months, there are many days of wind from a northerly direction. These winds push against the Gulf Stream current and build seas from the uncomfortable to the dangerous.

Black water dives may seem a little intimidating to the uninitiated but rest assured there is a dive master in the water keeping an eye on things. If a little more

personal touch is wanted there are always many capable dive masters for hire to help get you get started.

If you are looking for something new and exotic, come join the next black water dive. Who knows, you may discover a completely new species. One thing you can count on, many species will be new to you. ■

American underwater photographer Tom Hayward hales from New England, where he lived for 53 years. He is a PADI Master Scuba Diver, having received his Open Water certification in the early 1990s. Now retired from Verizon, Hayward currently lives with his wife in Stuart, Florida, and is a member of the South Florida Underwater Photography Society (SFUPS). For further photos, go to: thayward.smugmug.com.

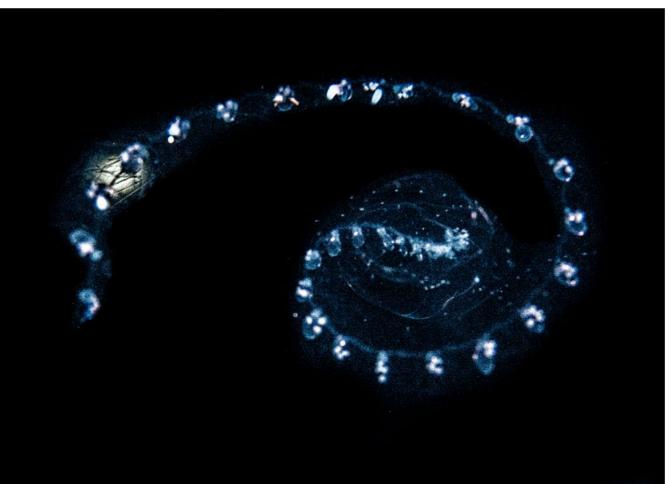


About two thirds into the dive. I noticed a miniature circus being performed within inches of my light. Tiny creatures were spinning and pirouetting at speeds that did not allow identification. Time continued on and the symphony built to a crescendo. Suddenly I remembered to check my computer and realized, sadly, the allotted time had elapsed and the subsurface dive was over.

This night was not over yet, though. As I floated along the surface waiting to be picked up, I made sure to put my mask in the water to see what was there. At this point, the area had been lit by various sources for an hour and many species were oriented right there on the surface. It was here that one might discover one's find of the night. If nothing else, it was sure to entertain while awaiting the boat.

Back on the boat everyone was full of excitement. Each diver was showing photographic prizes or relating favorite moments. As the gear was unloaded back at the dock, each diver was vowing to make the next black water dive.

However, don't expect it to be the same. Yes,









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